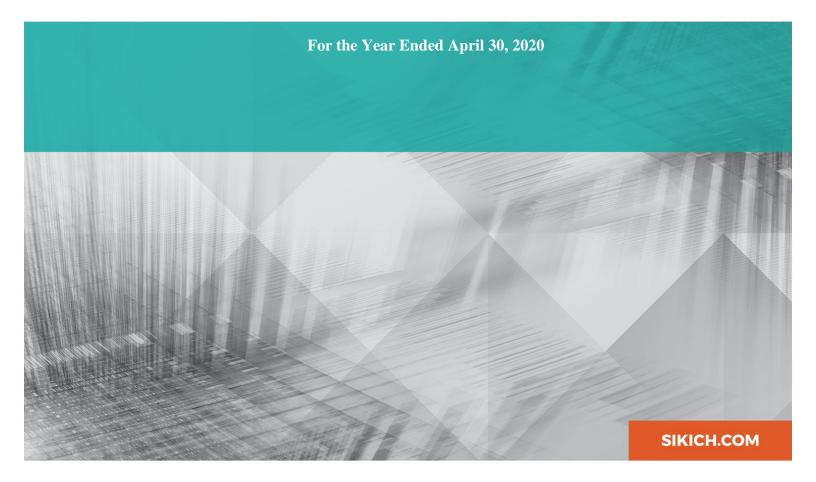


ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Foss Park District

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2020

Board of Commissioners

Kenneth Robinson, President

Dr. Donna King Commissioner Vance Wyatt Vice-President/Treasurer

Yetta Little Commissioner Johnny Johnson Commissioner

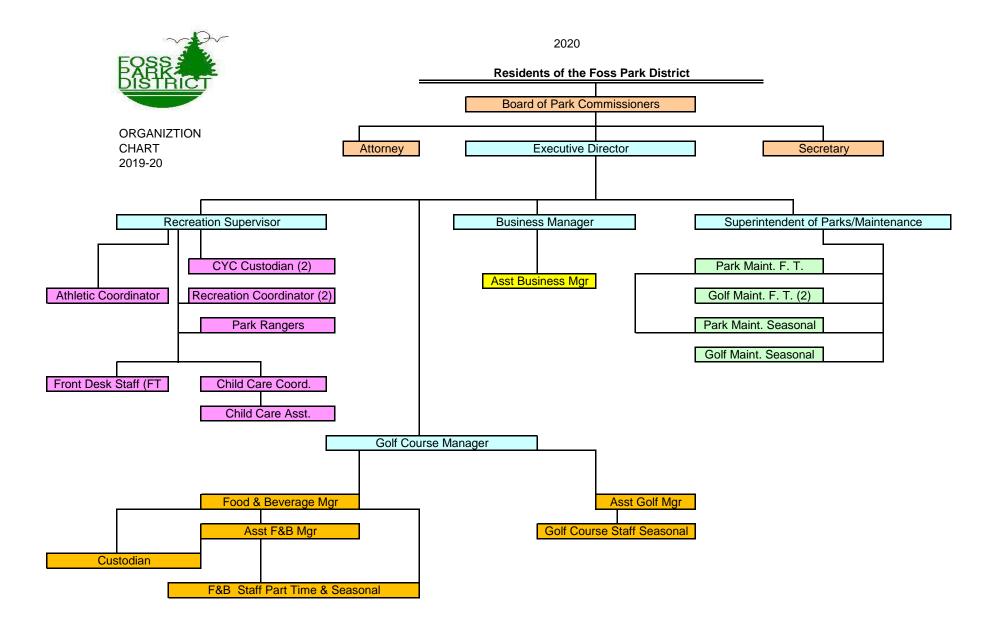
Kari Cowart Executive Director of Parks and Recreation

Pamela Johnson Superintendent of Recreation

Bradley Skof Business Manager Robert Winter Superintendent of Grounds/Maintenance

Gabriel Monroe Golf Course Manager

Michael Herring Food & Beverage Manager



FINANCIAL SECTION



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

SIKICH.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Commissioners Foss Park District North Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Foss Park District (the District), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting for the governmental activities and the business-type activities and cash basis of accounting for the major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining fund described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting are acceptable bases for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position - modified cash basis, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended on the bases of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 in the notes to financial statements, which describes the bases of accounting. The government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting and the governmental fund financial statements are presented on the cash basis of accounting, which are comprehensive bases of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, management's discussion and analysis, supplementary information, and the other supplementary information schedules listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, management's discussion and analysis and supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sibich 11D

Naperville, Illinois September 9, 2020

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Foss Park District (the "District") Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to: (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the governmental reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's modified cash basis financial statements (beginning on page 4).

Financial Highlights

- The District's financial status remains stable, as the District concluded the fiscal year with a positive net position balance. Overall revenues for all governmental and business-type activities this past year were \$3,019,441 with expenses being \$2,729,255, for an increase in net position of \$290,186.
- Real estate and replacement taxes collected were \$1,810,714 and \$169,311 respectively, an increase of \$2,812 and \$30,709, respectively, over the previous year.
- Recreation program receipts were \$163,410, and expenses were \$133,188. Recreation program expenses include \$90,316 of depreciation expense. Depreciation expense charged to general government and park maintenance activities totaled \$16,142 and \$12,007, respectively.
- Golf course charges for services revenues were \$682,324 for the year, which is a decrease of \$107,760. Other golf revenues included \$318,295 in transfers from governmental activities. Golf course expenses were \$1,189,989, which included \$194,231 of depreciation expense.
- The District continues to commit resources toward maintaining and improving parks, playgrounds, and facilities. In fiscal year 2020, \$12,023 was spent on capital outlay for the District's facilities and equipment.
- The District's outstanding long-term debt was \$1,100,000 at April 30, 2020, which is a decrease from last year's balances of existing debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic modified cash basis financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) enterprise fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's annual financial report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector, with its basis in a modified cash basis accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other nonfinancial factors, such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the District's capital assets, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included based on being collected or paid in the fiscal year (i.e. modified cash basis). An important purpose of the design of the *Statement of Activities* is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general administration, park maintenance, and recreational programs. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 3 through 5 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined in a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The District has two types of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the modified cash basis fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of available resources and balances of resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financial requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of available resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds statement of assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions and the governmental funds statement of revenues collected, expenditures paid, and changes in fund balances (deficits) provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the required supplementary information for the General Fund and major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the other funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted annual appropriated budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented starting on page 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the modified cash basis fund financial statements and are used to account for activities similar to those provided in the private sector. Goods or services from these activities are provided to outside parties or customers. The District charges these customers fees to offset the cost of providing the respective service. The District's only proprietary fund is the Golf Course Fund.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements, but with more details.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented starting on page 11 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and budgetary comparisons. Supplementary Information can be found on pages 37 and 38 of this report.

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report beginning on page 50.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Over time, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole. Approximately seventy-four percent of the District's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment), net of related debt. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Foss Park District's Net Position – Modified Cash E Governmental Activitie					
	April 30, 2020	April 30, 2019			
Assets:	-				
Current assets	\$2,309,737	\$1,853,462			
Capital assets – not being depreciated	610,106	610,106			
Capital assets – net of depreciation	<u>1,256,478</u>	<u>1,349,996</u>			
Total assets	4,176,321	<u>3,813,564</u>			
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	550,843	527,642			
Noncurrent liabilities	1,100,000	1,240,000			
Total liabilities	1,650,843	1,767,642			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	1,462,441	896,594			
Restricted	968,332	1,213,505			
Unrestricted	94,705	(64,177)			
Total net position	<u>\$2,525,478</u>	<u>\$2,045,922</u>			
	Business	s-type Activities			
	<u>April 30, 2020</u>	<u>April 30, 2019</u>			
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 122,537	\$ 112,447			
Capital assets – not depreciated	1,491,429	1,491,429			
Capital assets – net of depreciation	<u>1,904,459</u>	2,098,690			
Total assets	<u>3,518,425</u>	3,702,566			
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	7,275	2,046			
Noncurrent Liabilities		<u> </u>			
Total liabilities	7,275	2,046			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	3,395,888	3,590,119			
Unrestricted	115,262	110,401			
Total net position	<u>\$3,511,150</u>	\$3,700,520			

Statemen	t of Activities – Woullied (
	Governmental Activities						
	<u>April 30, 2020</u>	<u>April 30, 2019</u>					
Revenues:							
Real estate taxes	\$1,810,714	\$1,807,902					
Intergovernmental Revenue	169,311	138,602					
Charges for services	150,855	135,504					
Grants and contributions	14,135	3,542					
Interest	37,372	36,554					
Miscellaneous	154,730	181.788					
Total	2,337,117	2,303,892					
Expenses:	2,557,117	_2,505,892					
General administration	1,132,051	1,142,134					
Park maintenance	214,321	245,960					
Recreation programs	133,188	121,268					
Interest	59,706	60,039					
Transfers	<u>318,295</u>	370.937					
Total	<u>1,857,561</u>	1,940,338					
Change in net position	479,556	363,554					
Net position - beginning of year	<u>2.045.922</u>	<u>1,682,368</u>					
Net position - end of year	<u>\$2,525,478</u>	<u>\$ 2,045,922</u>					
	Business-tv	pe Activities					
	<u>April 30, 2020</u>	<u>April 30, 2019</u>					
Revenues:	<u>April 50, 2020</u>	<u> </u>					
	(02.224	700.004					
Charges for services	682,324	790,084					
Grants and contributions	-0-	-0-					
Transfers in	318,295	370,937					
Total	1,000,619	1,161,021					
Expenses:							
Golf course	1,189,989	1,326,227					
Change in net position	(189,370)	(165,206)					
Net position-beginning of year	3,700,520	3,865,426					

Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis

\$3,511,150

\$3,700,520

Net position - end of year

Financial Highlights

Revenues for governmental and business-type activities, excluding capital contributions, decreased by approximately 2% in fiscal year 2020 primarily due to an decrease in receipts from business-type activities (golf course) this fiscal year. In addition, due to the planned increase in property taxes collected in the General Corporate fund, with no property taxes levied for Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Public Liability Fund Insurance purposes, the Park District was able to repay advances by the Illinois Municipal Retirement, Capital and Public Liability Insurance funds to the General Corporate fund, in the amount of \$506,172, thereby paying off all borrowed amounts.

Budgetary Highlights

The Foss Park District's Business Office requests that various Department heads submit fiscal year budget for revenue and planned expenditures be submitted before the fiscal year begins on May 1st. This information is compiled and presented to the Executive Director, prior to presentation to the Board of Commissioners. The proposed budget for the fiscal year is then made available for public viewing thirty days prior to approval at the Board meeting. The budget is voted on by the full Board of Commissioners after the Budget and Appropriation hearing. The approved budget is then filed with the County Clerk.

General Fund:

Total revenues in the General Corporate Fund were 2.6% over the budgeted total of \$1,085,355. An increase in both intergovernmental receipts and investment income were factors as was other income was higher than expected.

General administration expenses were \$30,561 below budget as the District continues to utilize in-house expertise to reduce reliance on outsourcing services, with better managed increases in employee health-related costs as well. The District has also seen significant savings in communication and utility costs by "shopping" for better service agreements.

Park maintenance expenses were under budget by \$29,711. Savings were in the maintenance areas, where the District was able to find means of using existing assets to complete the necessary maintenance of buildings and parks - even as costs of herbicides and chemicals exceeded budgeted estimates. Overall expenses for both areas were about 9% below budget.

Recreation Fund:

Revenues for programs and rentals were under budget expectations by \$14,232. This was a result of a decrease in rental income as well as in expected contributions and donations. In addition, the total revenue for this fund was about 2% under budget.

Expenditures were under budget by 16%, due to the careful use of District assets when providing programming options to the public as well as a short-term staff shortage.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds as reported in the statements are displayed to assess the spendable resources for current and future Park District operations. Governmental funds reported an ending total fund balance of \$2,270,364, which represents an increase over last year of \$448,184. Primarily, this was due to the increase of property tax levy and also higher interest returns on assets.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Corporate, Recreation, Special Recreation, Capital Improvements, and Bond and Interest funds are the major governmental funds of the Park District.

The General Corporate Fund had a fund balance at the end of the fiscal year of \$348,583, resulting from a planned excess of revenues collected over expenses paid. This was due to an increase in the property tax levy in order to finish paying off all borrowed funds.

The Recreation Fund had a fund balance at the end of the fiscal year of \$117,591, which was a decrease of \$20,555. This was due to a decrease in the tax levy.

The Special Recreation Fund had a fund balance of \$697,049 at the end of the fiscal year, which was an increase of \$2,613. This was due to a fewer expenditures than anticipated in the budget.

The Capital Improvements Fund's fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$835,858, which was an increase of \$163,006. This was due to a bond sold.

The Bond and Interest Fund's fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$6,961, which was an increase of \$3,993. This was due to the timing of payments vs. receipts in the fiscal year.

Some of the District's funds have been operating with advances from other funds in order to maintain services to the general public. Advances from the other funds totaled \$462,243 as of April 30, 2020. The detail of the advances is shown on pages 27 through 28 of this report.

Capital Assets

Net capital assets decreased approximately \$115,994 in the current year. This was a result primarily of depreciation expense and expensed out construction in process.

Debt Administration

As of April 30, 2020, the Park District has an outstanding general obligation bonds issue of \$371,470. This obligation is due and payable within one year. In addition there is outstanding an alternate revenue bond of \$2,000,000. The current balance being \$1,110,000 The Bond and Interest Fund had a fund balance of \$6,961. The remainder will be paid through future real estate tax collections.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The General Corporate fund had a significant deficit fund balance, having incurred operating deficits for several years. The District has restructured its real estate tax levy to allow this deficit to be paid in full at the conclusion of this fiscal year.

In March 2020, the governor declared a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 virus. The economic impact of the State of Illinois' Executive Order imposing "stay at home" restrictions may be widespread and may last for several years. As a result, the District has already begun planning for the decline in revenues and increase in expenditures that will impact the District in FY2021 and possibly beyond. Management believes that the financial position of the District heading into this event allow it to adapt to any financial impact in FY2021. Management will continue to carefully monitor the situation and evaluate its options for this and following years' budgetary position as the situation continues to unfold.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report, or would like to request additional information, please contact the Executive Director, Business Manager or Board President, Foss Park District, 1730 Lewis Avenue, North Chicago, Illinois 60064.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

April 30, 2020

	Primary Government					
	Go	Governmental Business-Type				
		Activities	1	Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,226,703	\$	2,600	\$	1,229,303
Investments		1,083,034		_		1,083,034
Inventory		-		119,937		119,937
Land and other capital assets				,		,
not being depreciated		610,106		1,491,429		2,101,535
Capital assets being depreciated		,				
(net of accumulated depreciation)		1,256,478		1,904,459		3,160,937
Total assets		4,176,321		3,518,425		7,694,746
LIABILITIES						
Deposits		10,000		7,275		17,275
Payroll withholdings		29,373		-		29,373
Noncurrent liabilities		,				
Due within one year		511,470		-		511,470
Due in more than one year		1,100,000		-		1,100,000
Total liabilities		1,650,843		7,275		1,658,118
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,462,441		3,395,888		4,858,329
Restricted for						
Special needs		697,049		-		697,049
Pension payments		142,231		-		142,231
Liability		94,687		-		94,687
Debt service		6,961		-		6,961
Police		27,404		-		27,404
Unrestricted		94,705		115,262		209,967
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,525,478	\$	3,511,150	\$	6,036,628

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 3 -

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

			Program Revenues						
					(Operating	(Capital	
			(Charges	G	Frants and	Grants and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	for Services		Co	ntributions	Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$	1,132,051	\$	1,580	\$	-	\$	-	
Park maintenance		214,321		-		-		-	
Recreation programs		133,188		149,275		14,135		-	
Interest		59,706		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		1,539,266		150,855		14,135			
Business-Type Activities									
Golf course		1,189,989		682,324		-		-	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	2,729,255	\$	833,179	\$	14,135	\$		

	Ne	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Positi Primary Government				
	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
	\$	(1,130,471) (214,321) 30,222 (59,706)	\$ - \$ - - -	(1,130,471) (214,321) 30,222 (59,706)		
		(1,374,276)	-	(1,374,276)		
		-	(507,665)	(507,665)		
		(1,374,276)	(507,665)	(1,881,941)		
General Revenues Taxes						
Real estate taxes Replacement taxes Investment income		1,810,714 169,311 37,372	-	1,810,714 169,311 37,372		
Miscellaneous Transfers		154,730 (318,295)	318,295	154,730		
Total		1,853,832	318,295	2,172,127		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		479,556	(189,370)	290,186		
NET POSITION, MAY 1		2,045,922	3,700,520	5,746,442		
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	2,525,478	\$ 3,511,150 \$	6,036,628		

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 5 -

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2020

		General orporate	R	ecreation	R	Special ecreation	Im	Capital provements	Bond and Interest	lonmajor vernmental	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Advances to other funds	\$	120,171 267,815 -	\$	117,591 - -	\$	234,806	\$	482,882 815,219 -	\$ 6,961 - -	\$ 264,292 - 30	\$	1,226,703 1,083,034 462,273
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	387,986	\$	117,591	\$	697,049	\$	1,298,101	\$ 6,961	\$ 264,322	\$	2,772,010
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Deposits Payroll withholdings	\$	10,000 29,373	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	10,000 29,373
Advances from other funds		30		-		-		462,243	-	 -		462,273
Total liabilities		39,403		-		-		462,243	-	-		501,646
FUND BALANCES Restricted												
Special needs		-		-		697,049		-	-			697,049
Pension payments		-		-		-		-	-	142,231		142,231
Liability		-		-		-		-	-	94,687		94,687
Debt service		-		-		-		-	6,961	-		6,961
Police		-		-		-		-	-	27,404		27,404
Capital Improvements		-		-		-		835,858	-	-		835,858
Assigned		-		117,591		-		-	-	-		117,591
Unassigned		348,583		-		-		-	-	-		348,583
Total fund balances		348,583		117,591		697,049		835,858	6,961	264,322	-	2,270,364
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	387,986	\$	117,591	\$	697,049	\$	1,298,101	\$ 6,961	\$ 264,322	=	
								activities in tl re different be				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds								1,866,584				

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (1,611,470)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 2,525,478

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	General Corporat	e F	Recreation	_	ecial reation
REVENUES COLLECTED					
Real estate taxes	\$ 798,0	25 \$	567,604	\$	3,497
Intergovermental revenue	169,3		10,000		-
Charges for services	1,5	80	149,275		-
Contributions and donations	-		4,135		-
Other income	129,3	47	18,029		-
Investment income	16,6	42	3,927		506
Total revenues collected	1,114,9	05	752,970		4,003
EXPENDITURES PAID					
Current					
General administration	381,2	39	401,272		1,390
Park maintenance	182,7	59	-		-
Recreation programs	-		42,660		-
Debt service					
Principal	-		-		-
Interest	-		-		-
Capital outlay			-		
Total expenditures paid	563,9	98	443,932		1,390
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	550,9	07	309,038		2,613
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from bond issuance	-		-		-
Transfers in	-		-		-
Transfers (out)			(329,593)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)			(329,593)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	550,9	07	(20,555)		2,613
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	(202,3	24)	138,146		694,436
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 348,5	83 \$	117,591	\$	697,049

Capi Improve		Bond and Interest	Nonmajor vernmental	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	- -	\$ 373,236	\$ 68,352 - -	\$	1,810,714 179,311 150,855
]	- 3,969	2,328	7,354		4,135 154,730 37,372
]	3,969	 375,564	 75,706		2,337,117
2	25,916 - -	- -	319,017 19,554 212		1,128,834 202,313 42,872
4	35,000 19,495 12,023	361,360 10,211 -	- - -		496,360 59,706 12,023
22	22,434	371,571	338,783		1,942,108
(20)8,465)	3,993	(263,077)		395,009
37	71,470 - -	- - -	- 11,298 -		371,470 11,298 (329,593)
37	1,470	-	11,298		53,175
16	53,005	3,993	(251,779)		448,184
67	2,853	2,968	516,101		1,822,180
\$ 83	85,858	\$ 6,961	\$ 264,322	\$	2,270,364

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 8 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 448,184
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	24,947
Depreciation on capital assets is reported as an expense in the statement of activities	(118,465)
The issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source in governmental funds but as an increase of principal outstanding in the statement of activities General obligation bonds	(371,470)
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	 496,360
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 479,556

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities	
	Golf Course	
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,600	
Inventory	119,937	
Total current assets	122,537	
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Land and other capital assets not being depreciated	1,491,429	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,904,459	
Total noncurrent assets	3,395,888	
Total assets	3,518,425	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Deposits payable	7,275	
Total current liabilities	7,275	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
None	-	
Total long-term liabilities		
Total liabilities	7,275	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	3,395,888 115,262	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,511,150	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Golf Course	
OPERATING REVENUES COLLECTED		
Charges for services	\$	540,631
Rental		95,637
Other receipts		46,056
Total operating revenues collected		682,324
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Golf course operations		665,444
Golf course maintenance		330,314
Depreciation		194,231
Total operating expenses		1,189,989
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE		
TRANSFERS		(507,665)
TRANSFERS		
Transfers in		318,295
Total transfers		318,295
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(189,370)
NET POSITION, MAY 1		3,700,520
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	3,511,150

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Golf Course	
	Gon Course	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 682,324	
Cash paid to suppliers	(548,415)	
Cash paid to employees	(452,204)	
Cash paid to employees	(+32,20+)	
Net cash from operating activities	(318,295)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers in from other funds	318,295	
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	318,295	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
None	-	
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES None		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	2,600	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 2,600	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities	
	Go	olf Course
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		
TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(507,665)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		
to net cash from operating activities		
Depreciation		194,231
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease in inventory		(10,090)
Deposits payable		5,229
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(318,295)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Foss Park District, North Chicago, Illinois (the District) have been prepared using the modified cash basis and cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting, but which is not in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District was created in 1907 as a body corporate and politic and is now operating under the provisions of The Park District Code of the State of Illinois. It provides the following services as authorized by its charter: recreational programs, the maintenance of parks and recreational facilities, and a golf course facility. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is based upon the significance of the potential component unit's operational or financial relationships with the primary government. No entities met the requirements to be reported as a component unit.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the funds restricted, committed, or assigned for the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Corporate Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities are provided to outside parties or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the modified cash basis statements of net position and activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, fees, and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and enterprise funds. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Corporate Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Recreation Fund accounts for the collection of resources and expenditures related to providing recreational programs.

The Special Recreation Fund is used to account for special revenues collected for providing recreational services to district residents with special needs.

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for the construction cost of major improvements in the District.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Bond and Interest Fund is used to account for the collection and use of real estate taxes for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. Management has elected to present the Bond and Interest Fund as major for year-over-year comparison purposes.

The District reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the provision of golfing recreation and the maintenance of the course. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, and financing. The golf course also operates video gaming machines which are maintained at the golf course club house.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues collected and expenses paid from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Golf Course Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition (except depreciation on capital assets) are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting omits recognition of certain revenues and the related assets, such as taxes receivable, until received, rather than when earned. Also, certain expenditures and the related liabilities, such as accounts payable and accrued items, are recognized when paid, rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements reflect assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions, revenues collected, inventory on hand, and expenditures/expenses paid. The modified cash basis also includes depreciation expense as well as long-term capital assets and capital related liabilities. The modified cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting recognizes revenues when received instead of when earned or when measurable and available, and expenditures when paid instead of when incurred. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

e. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments consist of certificates of deposit with a maturity of greater than three months, at the purchase date, and are carried at cost.

f. Advances to Other Funds

Noncurrent portions of interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset in the governmental funds equally by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Corporate Fund, which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation. Other funds' advances are offset by either restricted or assigned fund balance, indicating that the use of the proceeds from the collection of the advance is restricted or assigned.

g. Inventory

Inventory is maintained for goods held for resale at the golf course. It is valued at average cost.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, construction in progress, machinery and equipment, and buildings and improvements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of a certain threshold, as shown below, and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The following capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives are used:

Assets	T	hreshold Value	Useful Life Years
A		value	1 cars
Machinery and equipment	\$	5,000	3-20
Buildings and improvements		15,000	25-50
Land improvements			
Golf course		15,000	10-60
Other		15,000	10-50
Land		15,000	N/A

i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance cost, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

j. Fund Balance/Net Position

In accordance with the GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the governmental funds report up to five components of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable in form criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories.

Restricted - refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Special revenue funds are, by definition, restricted or committed for those specified purposes.

Committed - refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Park Commissioners). The Board of Park Commissioners commits fund balances by passing a resolution. Amounts committed cannot be used for any purpose unless the District removes or changes the specific use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those funds.

Assigned - refers to amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by the Board of Park Commissioners or the individual Board of Park Commissioners delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Currently, the Assistant Business Manager has the authority to assign fund balances.

Unassigned - refers to all spendable amounts not contained in the other four classifications described above. In funds other than the General Corporate Fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. See Note 8 for detail of fund balance classifications.

k. Real Estate Taxes

The District's property taxes are required to be levied by ordinance. A certified copy of the levy ordinance must be filed with the county clerk no later than the last Tuesday in December of each year. Taxes are due and collectible one-half on June 1 and one-half on September 1 of the following year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate tax revenues are recognized when distributions are received from the County Treasurer/Collector.

l. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. INTERFUND ADVANCES

Due to the magnitude of the interfund balances and the District's inability to repay these balances within the next fiscal year, all interfund balances are classified as advances. The management of the District believes that all advances will eventually be repaid in full.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position - modified cash basis as "cash and cash equivalents." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the District's funds, which consist of certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days.

Certain of the funds participating in the cash pool incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. Such overdrafts, in effect, constitute cash borrowed from other district funds and are, therefore, interfund advances which have not been authorized by Board action. Such loans are included in Note 7 as advances to/from other funds.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) authorizes the District to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois District Liquid Asset Fund (a money market fund created by the State Legislature under the control of the Illinois Association of Parks that maintains a \$1 share value).

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than market value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

For disclosure purposes, the total above is segregated into two components: (1) cash on hand and (2) deposits with financial institutions, as follows:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 3,155 2,309,182
TOTAL	\$ 2,312,337

The District's bank balances totaled \$2,309,182 at April 30, 2020.

a. Interest Rate Risk

The District generally limits investment maturities to a maximum of three years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increased interest rates. The objective is to maintain a core portfolio with maturities of less than one year.

b. Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and mutual bond funds to the three top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District does not impose further limits on investment choices.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's collateral is held in the name of the District by the District's agent. As of April 30, 2020, the District had bank balance deposits of \$7,482 that was exposed to custodial credit risk, as it is uninsured and uncollateralized.

d. Concentration of Credit Risk

The District prefers that its investments are diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting in an overconcentration in a security, maturity, issuer, or class of securities.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Begini Balan		Increa	ses	De	ecreases		Ending Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$ 44	3,707	\$	_	\$	-	\$	448,707
Construction in progress	+ • •	1,399	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	22,476	Ψ	138,923
Total capital assets not		,				,		· · · ·
being deprectiated	61),106		-		22,476		587,630
Capital assets being depreciated								
Machinery and equipment		3,055	24,	947		-		1,318,002
Buildings and equipment		1,875		-		-		1,771,875
Land improvements		3,387		-		-		1,083,387
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,14	3,317	24,	947		-		4,173,264
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Machinery and equipment		5,983		075		-		1,223,058
Buildings and improvements		7,913		558		-		1,273,471
Land improvements		1,425		832		-		420,257
Total accumulated depreciation	2,79	3,321	118,	465		-		2,916,786
Total capital assets being								
deprectiated, net	1,34	9,996	(93,	518)		-		1,256,478
-								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 1,96	0,102	\$ (93,	518)	\$	22,476	\$	1,844,108

FOSS PARK DISTRICT NORTH CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,491,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,491,429
Total capital assets not being	↓ 1,491,429	φ -	φ -	\$ 1,491,429
deprectiated	1,491,429	-	-	1,491,429
Capital assets being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	1,073,172	-	-	1,073,172
Buildings and equipment	2,354,784	-	-	2,354,784
Land improvements	1,021,905	-	-	1,021,905
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,449,861	-	-	4,449,861
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	898,939	77,350	-	976,289
Buildings and improvements	636,334	48,393	-	684,727
Land improvements	815,898	68,488	-	884,386
Total accumulated depreciation	2,351,171	194,231	-	2,545,402
Total capital assets being				
deprectiated, net	2,098,690	(194,231)	-	1,904,459
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 3,590,119	\$ (194,231)	\$ -	\$ 3,395,888

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government Recreation programs Park maintenance	\$ 16,142 90,316 12,007
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 118,465
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Golf course	\$ 194,231
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 194,231

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the District during the fiscal year:

	Balances May 1	А	dditions	R	etirements	Balances April 30	ue Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Obligation Park Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2012A	\$ 1,375,000	\$	-	\$	135,000	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 140,000
General Obligation Limited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2018 General Obligation Limited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2019	361,360		371,470		361,360	371,470	371,470
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,736,360	\$	371,470	\$	496,360	\$ 1,611,470	\$ 511,470

b. General Obligation Bonds Payable

In May 2012, the District issued \$2,000,000 of General Obligation Park Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2012A (the 2012A Series Bonds), with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.90%. The proceeds of the 2012A Series Bonds can be used for the payment of land condemned or purchased for parks and for building, maintaining, improving, and protecting the existing land and facilities of the District.

In November 2018, the District issued \$361,360 of General Obligation Limited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2018 (the 2018 Series Bonds), with an interest rate of 2.72%. The proceeds of the 2018 Series Bonds can be used for the payment of land for parks, for the building, maintaining, improving and protecting of the same and the existing land and facilities of the District, and to provide the revenue source for the payment of outstanding obligations of the District.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. General Obligation Bonds Payable (Continued)

In October 2019, the District issued \$371,470 of General Obligation Limited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2019 (the 2019 Series Bonds), with an interest rate of 1.85%. The proceeds of the 2019 Series Bonds can be used for the payment of land for parks, for the building, maintaining, improving and protecting of the same and the existing land and facilities of the District, and to provide the revenue source for the payment of outstanding obligations of the District.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2010 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2028	\$ 511,470 140,000 145,000 150,000 155,000 510,000	\$ 52,317 41,105 36,485 31,410 25,935 40,170	\$ 563,787 181,105 181,485 181,410 180,935 550,170
TOTAL	\$ 1,611,470	\$ 227,422	\$ 1,838,892

c. Revenues Pledged for Debt Service

The 2012A Series Bonds are to be paid through bond proceeds and pledged property tax revenues. This pledge will remain until all of the bonds are retired. The amount of the pledge remaining at April 30, 2020 was \$1,460,550. The commitment ends on December 15, 2027.

The District collected pledged revenues totaling \$373,236 during the year ended April 30, 2020. Principal and interest retired during the same period totaled \$184,495, which represents approximately 49% of the pledged revenues collected.

6. INTERFUND ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

a. Interfund Advances

Interfund advances arise when interfund receivables and payables exist which management does not intend to reimburse within a period of one year. Management believes that the District will have the time and resources necessary to allow it to repay these amounts. No contingencies related to these advances are known at this time; however, the District believes that the amount, if any, will not be material to the financial statements. The details of the reported internal balances are as follows:

	A	Advances To	Advances From		
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL					
General Corporate					
Public Liability Insurance	\$	-	\$	30	
Total General Corporate		-		30	
Special Recreation					
Capital Improvements		462,243		-	
Total Special Recreation		462,243		-	
Capital Improvements					
Special Recreation		-		462,243	
Total Capital Improvements		-		462,243	
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL					
Public Liability Insurance					
General Corporate		30		_	
Total Public Liability Insurance		30		-	
TOTAL INTERFUND ADVANCES	\$	462,273	\$	462,273	

6. INTERFUND ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

b. Interfund Transfers

Individual interfund transfers are as follows:

	Transfers In			Transfers Out
		111		Out
Recreation	\$	-	\$	329,593
Golf Course		318,295		-
Nonmajor - Audit		11,298		-
TOTAL	\$	329,593	\$	329,593

The purpose of the interfund transfers are as follows:

• Funds transferred from the Recreation Fund to the Golf Course and Audit Funds were done to subsidize ongoing operating expenses. The amounts will not be repaid.

7. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The governmental fund statements report fund balance restricted for the following purposes:

Special Recreation	\$ 697,049
Capital Improvements	835,858
Illinois Municipal Retirement	142,231
Public Liability Insurance	94,687
Bond and Interest	6,961
Police	27,404
TOTAL RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,804,190

7. **RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION (Continued)**

The government-wide statement of net position - modified cash basis reports \$968,332 of restricted net position which consists of the following:

Special Recreation Illinois Municipal Retirement	\$ 697,049 142,231
Public Liability Insurance	94,687
Bond and Interest	6,961
Police	 27,404
TOTAL RESTRICTIONS	\$ 968,332

8. CONTINGENCIES

a. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally state and federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

b. Litigation

The District is party to various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary operations of the District government. While it is not possible at this time to determine the outcome of these matters, management believes that the ultimate liability, if any, will not be material to the financial statements.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District's defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for the plan are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or at www.imrf.org.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2019, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	88
Active employees	28
TOTAL	140

Benefits Provided

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with either years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. There were no benefit changes during the year. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made since the prior measurement date. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The District is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 was 2.66% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions	
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.35% to 14.25%
Interest rate	7.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.50%
Asset valuation method	Market value

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension (Asset)
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2019	\$ 3,629,105	\$ 3,991,791	\$ (362,686)
Changes for the period			
Service cost	95,161	-	95,161
Interest	260,725	-	260,725
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	44,976	-	44,976
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	26,290	(26,290)
Employee contributions	-	44,475	(44,475)
Net investment income	-	703,045	(703,045)
Benefit payments and refunds	(160,946)	(160,946)	_
Other (net transfer)	-	(11,362)	11,362
Net changes	239,916	601,502	(361,586)
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	\$ 3,869,021	\$ 4,593,293	\$ (724,272)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$34,748.

At April 30, 2020, the District has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual	\$	18,690 3,088	\$	2,913
earnings on pension plan investments Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		- 6,788		167,272
TOTAL	\$	28,566	\$	170,185

\$6,778 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended April 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ (29,856) (51,546) 16,460 (83,465)
TOTAL	 (148,407)

The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not reported on the District's financial statements as the District reports on the modified cash basis of accounting as discussed in Note 1c.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability (asset) of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the District's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	-	1% Increase
	_	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(233,514)	\$	(724,272)	\$	(1,126,130)

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the District provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees as required by state regulations. No formal postemployment benefit plan has been established. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and any employer contributions are governed by the District. The plan does not issue a separate report. No assets are reported in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of the GASB Statement No. 75.

b. Benefits Provided

The District provides OPEB to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the District's retirement plan or meet COBRA requirements.

All health care benefits are provided through the District's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Retirees pay the full premium to continue in the plan, which creates an implicit benefit as defined by GASB Statement No. 75.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

c. Total OPEB Liability

Based on the size of the District, the number of active plan members, the lack of any retirees participating in the plan, and comparison of actuarial valuations for similar entities with similar benefits, the District's total OPEB liability as of April 30, 2020 is immaterial and, therefore, not recorded by the District and no further disclosure is deemed necessary.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases coverage against such risks and against other risks of loss, including health insurance, torts, and professional liability insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior years. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 25,370	\$ 50,555	\$ 64,400	\$ 69,401	\$ 86,312
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 25,370	50,555	64,400	69,401	86,312
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 952,784	\$ 1,138,402	\$ 1,041,647	\$ 1,113,896	\$ 1,188,005
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.66%	4.44%	6.18%	6.23%	7.27%

Notes to Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the preceding calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 24 years; the asset valuation method was at five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.25% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.3% to 14.25% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3% compounded annually.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Calendar Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service cost	\$	95,161 \$	\$	101,106	\$	114,858	\$	123,511 \$	123,838
Interest		260,725		252,973		248,595		252,767	253,182
Differences between expected and actual experience		44,976		(96,595)		(82,497)		(319,209)	(260,967)
Changes in assumptions		-		102,356		(110,778)		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(160,946)		(106,320)		(103,529)		(113,204)	(129,647)
Net change in total pension liability		239,916		253,520		66,649		(56,135)	(13,594)
Total pension liability - beginning		3,629,105		3,375,585		3,308,936		3,365,071	3,378,665
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	3,869,021	\$	3,629,105	\$	3,375,585	\$	3,308,936 \$	3,365,071
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Contributions - employer	\$	26.290	\$	60,381	\$	66,587	\$	71,355 \$	87,483
Contributions - member	Ŧ	44,475	-	46,687	Ŧ	47,337	Ŧ	57,435	68,268
Net investment income		703,045		(187,821)		605,220		242,140	19,406
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(160,946)		(106,320)		(103,529)		(113,204)	(129,647)
Administrative expense		(11,362)		43,617		(21,901)		(250,182)	(379,672)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		601,502		(143,456)		593,714		7,544	(334,162)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,991,791		4,135,247		3,541,533		3,533,989	3,868,151
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	4,593,293	\$	3,991,791	\$	4,135,247	\$	3,541,533 \$	3,533,989
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION ASSET	\$	(724,272) \$	\$	(362,686)	\$	(759,662)	\$	(232,597) \$	(168,918)
Plan fiduciary net position									
as a percentage of the total pension asset		118.72%		109.99%		122.50%		107.03%	105.02%
Covered payroll	\$	988,327	\$	1,037,488	\$	1,051,937	\$	1,162,145 \$	1,198,398
Employer's net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		(73.28%)		(34.96%)		(72.22%)		(20.01%)	(14.10%)

Changes in assumptions related to investment rate of return and retirement age and mortality were made in 2015.

Changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made in 2016.

There were no benefit changes made in 2017. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2017.

There were no benefit changes made in 2018. Changes in assumptions related to the investment rate of return were made in 2018.

There were no benefit changes or changes in assumptions made in 2019.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

(See independent auditor's report.) - 36 -

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL CORPORATE FUND

	Аррг	opriations		iginal and nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED						
Real estate taxes			\$	801,955	\$	798,025
Intergovernmental revenues			Ŧ	135,000	Ŧ	169,311
Charges for services				2,100		1,580
Other income				140,300		129,347
Investment income				6,000		16,642
Total revenues collected				1,085,355		1,114,905
EXPENDITURES PAID Current						
General administration	\$	565,000		411,800		381,239
Park maintenance	·	323,000		212,470		182,759
Total expenditures paid		888,000		624,270		563,998
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID				461,085		550,907
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(500,000)		(461,085)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(461,085)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	-	:	550,907
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1						(202,324)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	348,583

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES COLLECTED - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL CORPORATE FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED				
Real estate taxes	\$	801,955	\$	798,025
Intergovernmental revenues				
Replacement taxes		135,000		169,311
Charges for services				
Rentals		2,100		1,580
Other income				
Expense reimbursement		-		3,882
Contributions and donations		-		-
Other		140,300		125,465
Total other income		140,300		129,347
Investment income		6,000		16,642
TOTAL REVENUES COLLECTED	\$	1,085,355	\$	1,114,905

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES PAID - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL CORPORATE FUND

	Appropriations	Original and Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES PAID			
General administration			
Personal services			
Salaries	\$ 275,000	\$ 249,000 \$	245,546
Fringe benefits	50,000	37,050	32,493
Total personal services	325,000	286,050	278,039
Contractual services			
Professional services	75,000	30,000	21,181
Utilities and cleaning	5,000	250	238
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance	15,000	11,500	8,815
Communications	40,000	25,800	20,394
Other	80,000	55,000	46,199
Total contractual services	215,000	122,550	96,827
Commodities	15,000	3,200	6,373
Total general administration before capital outlay	555,000	411,800	381,239
Capital outlay	10,000	_	_
Total general administration	565,000	411,800	381,239
Park maintenance			
Personal services			
Salaries	175,000	150,700	136,838
Fringe benefits	10,000	720	494
Total personal services	185,000	151,420	137,332
Contractual services			
Professional services	4,000	1,750	-
Utilities and cleaning	20,000	11,800	12,240
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance	50,000	20,000	13,013
Communications	9,000	1,050	490
Other expenditures	5,000	-	-
Total contractual services	88,000	34,600	25,743
Commodities	40,000	26,450	19,684
Total park maintenance before capital outlay	313,000	212,470	182,759
Capital outlay	10,000	_	
Total park maintenance	323,000	212,470	182,759
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	\$ 888,000	\$ 624,270 \$	563,998

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECREATION FUND

	Appropriations		Original and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED					
Real estate taxes			\$	570,002	\$ 567,604
Intergovernmental revenues				-	10,000
Charges for services				158,700	149,275
Contributions and donations				11,000	4,135
Other income				25,000	18,029
Investment income				2,500	3,927
Total revenues collected				767,202	752,970
EXPENDITURES PAID					
General administration	\$	616,500		441,715	401,272
Recreation programs		170,000		90,615	42,660
Total expenditures paid		786,500		532,330	443,932
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID				234,872	309,038
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(200,000)		(224,972)	(220,502)
Transfers (out)		(300,000)		(234,872)	(329,593)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(234,872)	(329,593)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	-	(20,555)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				-	138,146
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				=	\$ 117,591

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES COLLECTED - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED				
Real estate taxes	\$	570,002	\$	567,604
Intergovernmental		-		10,000
Charges for services				
Fees		113,700		115,753
Rentals		45,000		33,522
Total charges for services		158,700		149,275
Contributions and donations		11,000		4,135
Other income		25,000		18,029
Investment income		2,500		3,927
TOTAL REVENUES COLLECTED	\$	767,202	\$	752,970

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES PAID - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RECREATION FUND

	Appropriations	Original and Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES PAID			
General administration			
Personal services			
Salaries	\$ 325,000	\$ 255,065 \$	241,104
Fringe benefits	60,000	43,700	25,917
Total personal services	385,000	298,765	267,021
Contractual services			
Professional services	9,000	-	6,162
Utilities and cleaning	60,000	35,000	29,886
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance	50,000	23,000	24,109
Communications	50,000	41,100	41,698
Total contractual services	169,000	99,100	101,855
Other expenditures			
Commodities	50,000	42,350	31,524
Other expenditures	2,500	-	872
Capital outlay	10,000	1,500	-
Total other expenditures	62,500	43,850	32,396
Total general administration	616,500	441,715	401,272
Recreation programs			
Personal services			
Salaries	20,000	10,570	761
Fringe benefits	5,000	-	-
Total personal services	25,000	10,570	761
Contractual services			
Professional services	5,000	-	-
Utilities/cleaning	5,000	-	-
Maintenance and repair/insurance	5,000	1,000	1,208
Communications	50,000	30,035	12,919
Total contractual services	65,000	31,035	14,127
Other expenditures			
Commodities	70,000	49,010	-
Capital outlay	10,000	-	27,772
Total recreation programs	170,000	90,615	42,660
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	\$ 786,500	\$ 532,330 \$	443,932

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL SPECIAL RECREATION FUND

	Appr	opriations	ginal and al Budget	Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED				
Real estate taxes			\$ 3,501	\$ 3,497
Investment income			 100	506
Total revenues collected			 3,601	4,003
EXPENDITURES PAID				
Current				
General administration				
Professional services	\$	6,000	-	-
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance		75,000	60,000	-
Communications		12,000	3,000	1,390
Commodities		8,000	-	-
Capital outlay		25,000	-	-
Total expenditures paid	\$	126,000	 63,000	1,390
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ (59,399)	2,613
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				 694,436
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$ 697,049

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Appr	opriations	iginal and al Budget	Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED				
Investment income			\$ 2,000	\$ 13,969
Other revenue			 365,000	-
Total revenues collected			 367,000	13,969
EXPENDITURES PAID				
General administration				
Professional services	\$	40,000	11,000	12,938
Maintenance and repair		75,000	40,000	12,925
Communications		1,000	-	53
Debt service				
Interest		-	-	49,495
Principal		-	-	135,000
Capital outlay		550,000	475,000	12,023
Total expenditures paid	\$	666,000	 526,000	222,434
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID			 (159,000)	(208,465)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from bond issuance			 -	371,470
Total other financing sources (uses)			 -	371,470
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ (159,000)	163,005
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			-	672,853
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			=	\$ 835,858

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BOND AND INTEREST FUND

	Appr	opriations	Original and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED					
Real estate taxes			\$ 375,287	\$	373,236
Investment income			 2,500		2,328
Total revenues collected			 377,787		375,564
EXPENDITURES PAID					
General administration					
Professional services	\$	30,000	-		-
Debt service					
Principal		500,000	362,000		361,360
Interest and bond fees		25,000	11,000		10,211
Total expenditures paid	\$	555,000	 373,000		371,571
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ 4,787	:	3,993
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					2,968
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	6,961

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Govern	ımen	ntal		Special Re	venue	e Funds	N	Total onmajor
		IMRF	Ι	Liability		Audit Police			Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	142,231	\$	94,657	\$	-	\$	27,404	\$	264,292
Advance to other funds		-		30		-		-		30
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	142,231	\$	94,687	\$	-	\$	27,404	\$	264,322
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted										
Pension payments		142,231		-		-		-		142,231
Liability		-		94,687		-		-		94,687
Police		-		-		-		27,404		27,404
Total fund balances		142,231		94,687		-		27,404		264,322
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	¢	140 021	¢	04 697	¢		¢	27 404	¢	264 222
r und dalances	\$	142,231	\$	94,687	\$	-	\$	27,404	\$	264,322

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Governme	ental	Special Revenue	Funds		otal major
	 IMRF	Liability	Audit	Police	Fu	inds
REVENUES COLLECTED						
Real estate taxes	\$ - \$	- 5	\$ 11,402 \$	56,950	\$	68,352
Other income	 -	7,354	-	-		7,354
Total revenues collected	 -	7,354	11,402	56,950		75,706
EXPENDITURES PAID						
General administration	86,336	170,537	22,700	39,444		319,017
Park maintenance	19,554	-	-	-		19,554
Recreation programs	 212	-	-	-		212
Total expenditures paid	 106,102	170,537	22,700	39,444		338,783
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID	 (106,102)	(163,183)	(11,298)	17,506	(263,077)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 -		11,298	-		11,298
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	-	11,298	-		11,298
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(106,102)	(163,183)	-	17,506	(251,779)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	 248,333	257,870	-	9,898		516,101
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 142,231 \$	94,687 5	\$ - \$	27,404	\$	264,322

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

	App	ropriations		iginal and al Budget		Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED			¢		¢	
None			\$	-	\$	
Total revenues collected				-		-
EXPENDITURES PAID						
Current						
General administration	\$	122,055		123,683		86,336
Park maintenance		27,645		28,013		19,554
Recreation programs		300		304		212
Total expenditures paid	\$	150,000		152,000		106,102
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID				(152,000)		(106,102)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in				341,956		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				341,956		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	189,956		(106,102)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						248,333
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	142,231

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL PUBLIC LIABILITY INSURANCE FUND

	Original and Appropriations Final Budget				Actual		
REVENUES COLLECTED							
Other income			\$	1,800	\$	7,354	
Total revenues collected				1,800		7,354	
EXPENDITURES PAID							
Current							
General administration							
Personnel services							
Workers' compensation and							
unemployment insurance	\$	150,000		78,000		64,480	
Professional services		45,000		8,000		7,140	
Liability insurance		100,000		85,400		82,529	
Communications		30,000		13,000		5,372	
Commodities		10,000		-		11,016	
Total general administration		335,000		184,400		170,537	
Capital outlay		50,000		-			
Total expenditures paid	\$	385,000		184,400		170,537	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				341,957		11,298	
Total other financing sources (uses)				341,957		11,298	
Total other financing sources (uses)				541,957		11,298	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	159,357	=	(163,183)	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						257,870	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	94,687	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AUDIT FUND

	Appr	opriations	ginal and al Budget	Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED				
Real estate taxes			\$ 11,456	\$ 11,402
Total revenues collected			11,456	11,402
EXPENDITURES PAID				
General administration	\$	31,000	23,500	22,700
Total expenditures paid	\$	31,000	23,500	22,700
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES COLLECTED OVER EXPENDITURES PAID			(12,044)	(11,298)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in			12,044	11,298
Total other financing sources (uses)			12,044	11,298
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ -	-
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			_	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE FUND

	Арри	ropriations	Original and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES COLLECTED					
Real estate taxes			\$ 57,283	\$	56,950
Total revenues collected			 57,283		56,950
EXPENDITURES PAID					
Current					
General administration					
Personnel services	\$	75,000	45,000		31,712
Professional services		15,000	-		-
Utilities and cleaning		5,000	1,800		2,109
Maintenance and repair		10,000	3,000		3,243
Communications		5,000	-		-
Commodities		15,000	4,600		2,380
Capital outlay		50,000	-		-
Total expenditures paid	\$	175,000	 54,400		39,444
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ 2,883	=	17,506
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					9,898
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	27,404

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED OPERATING REVENUE COLLECTED - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLF COURSE FUND

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES COLLECTED		
Charges for services	\$ 976,900	\$ 540,631
Rental	69,500	95,637
Other receipts	 43,600	46,056
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES COLLECTED	\$ 1,090,000	\$ 682,324

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLF COURSE FUND

	Appropriations	Original and Final Budget	Actual
ODED ATTNIC EXDENCES			
OPERATING EXPENSES Golf course operations expenses paid			
Personal			
Salaries	\$ 400,000	\$ 294,000 \$	273,906
Fringe benefits	\$ 400,000 60,000	\$ 294,000 \$ 22,000	18,883
Total personal	460,000	316,000	292,789
-		210,000	
Contractual services	•• •••		100
Professional services	30,000	-	400
Utilities and cleaning	50,000	34,000	34,134
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance	30,000	17,000	23,099
Communications	50,000	23,000	32,495
Other expenditures	5,000	-	-
Total contractual services	165,000	74,000	90,128
Commodities	330,000	270,400	282,527
Capital outlay	75,000	-	-
Total golf course operations expenses paid	1,030,000	660,400	665,444
Golf course maintenance expenses paid			
Personal			
Salaries	225,000	178,605	151,498
Fringe benefits	40,000	8,250	7,918
Total personal	265,000	186,855	159,416
Contractual services			
Professional services	9.000	2,750	483
Utilities and cleaning	75,000	37,500	28,923
Maintenance, repairs, and insurance	75,000	40,000	19,890
Communications	6,000	3,200	2,983
Other expenditures	10,000	-	-
Total contractual services	175,000	83,450	52,279
Commodities	200,000	144,180	118,619
		11,100	110,017
Total golf course maintenance expenses paid			
before capital outlay	640,000	414,485	330,314
Capital outlay	25,000	_	
Total golf course maintenance expenses paid	665,000	414,485	330,314
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION	\$ 1,695,000	\$ 1,074,885 \$	995,758

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2020

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgetary Controls

The budget for all funds is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is the same basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The District's budget identified revenues and expenditures in broad categories.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The District's Executive Director submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A public hearing is held at the District's office to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. The budget is legally adopted through a passage of resolution.
- d. The District's Executive Director is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditure of any fund must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Corporate Fund, all special revenue and capital projects funds, and the Golf Course Fund.

The appropriations may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. There were no amendments to the budget for the year ended April 30, 2020.